

Bible Unit 3 Review: Jesus' Later Judean Ministry

Test Date: _____

Test questions will be matching or short answer. There is one longer answer question

Lesson 1: Jesus Forgives an Adulterous Woman

What does GRACE stand for as an acronym?

God's Riches At Christ's Expense

What responsibility do we have based on the grace God has extended to us?

We are responsible to give away the grace we have received--to forgive, love and accept others as he does.

Lesson 2: The Good Shepherd and the Thief

*John uses the metaphor of a good shepherd in comparison to Jesus. What are two specific attributes that a good shepherd has and how does Jesus show those attributes as our shepherd? *second part is a personal response**

The good shepherd knows the sheep and the sheep know him, he lays down his life for the sheep, he comes to give the sheep life.

Lesson 3: The Good Samaritan

In the parable of the Good Samaritan, what significant action did the Good Samaritan take? The Good Samaritan stopped to help a Jewish man who had been beaten and robbed and left to die along the road.

Why was the action of the Samaritan significant? Because the Jewish people and the Samaritans did not like one another. It cost the Samaritan something to extend mercy to the other man. He paid for his room, his safety was in jeopardy, and he risked his reputation for helping someone he was supposed to hate. The Jewish man's own people passed him by.

Lesson 4: A Visit With Mary and Martha

When Jesus arrived at Bethany to visit Mary and Martha, what were the sisters' reactions? Mary was excited to see Jesus and spent her time sitting at his feet, listening to his every word. Martha was distracted by her meal preparations and resented her sister for failing to help out.

What lesson did Jesus teach Martha during his visit with them? Jesus teaches Martha to be still and attentive in his presence and to place the highest priority on time spent with God rather than only being busy for God.

Lesson 5: How to Pray

What are the 3 points of prayer in relation to The Lord's Prayer?

- 1) Praising God for who He is, which may change our view of God,
- 2) Reliance on God for everything, which may change our view of what's important and
- 3) Asking God for forgiveness, which may change our view of ourselves.

Lesson 6: The Cost of Discipleship

What is compassion? (Be able to give an example of how we can show compassion.)

Compassion is seeing the needs of others as we look at them through Jesus' eyes as an image bearer of God.

Lesson 7: The Raising of Lazarus

Who was Lazarus? He was the brother of Mary and Martha.

What happened as a result of the raising of Lazarus? More people believed in Jesus, and the chief priests and Pharisees thought they had to get rid of Jesus because he had become a greater threat to their power.

Lesson 8: Jesus at Bethany

What did anointing mean (see textbook pg 35)? It could show that a person had been chosen for an important task. It was also used in times of great joy or sorrow and in burial preparations.

Why was Mary's act of anointing so unusual (see textbook pg 36)? It would normally be a task of a servant to wash a guest's feet, women didn't let their hair down, and she wasn't just washing but anointing Jesus. Mary went against the customs of that day because she believed in Jesus' mission on earth to be of greater importance than the customs of that day.

Lesson 9: Healing of the Ten Lepers

(There are no specific questions about this lesson on the test.)

Lesson 10: The Persistent Widow/The Pharisee and the Tax Collector

What is a parable? A parable is a story that uses something familiar, such as an object, scene or event from daily life, and equates it with something unfamiliar or abstract, such as the kingdom of God.

Personal Response

Explain this statement: We can be so busy about the work of God that we can miss being with God.

Keep in mind the story of Mary and Martha. Use specific examples that apply to a grade 6 student today.